

### Question breakdown

Q	Spelling	Content domain reference
1	town	S8 – vowel digraph: <i>ow</i> (/aʊ/)
2	there	S36 – homophones and near-homophones S37 – common exception words
3	shy	S22 – the /aɪ/ sound spelt <i>-y</i> at the end of words
4	better	S8 – vowel digraph: <i>er</i> (/ə/)
5	loudest	S7 – adding <i>-est</i> to adjectives where no change is needed in the root word
6	kindness	S34 – the suffix <i>-ness</i>
7	plain	S36 – homophones and near-homophones
8	hiking	S25 – adding the ending <i>-ing</i> to words ending in <i>-e</i> with a consonant before it
9	double	S40 – the /ʌ/ sound spelt <i>ou</i> S18 – the /l/ or /əl/ sound spelt <i>-le</i> at the end of words
10	question	S35 – words ending in <i>-tion</i>
11	badge	S14 – the /dʒ/ sound spelt as <i>-dge</i> at the end of words
12	swamp	S30 – the /ɒ/ sound spelt <i>a</i> after <i>w</i>
13	spicy	S15 – the /s/ sound spelt <i>c</i> before <i>y</i>
14	knit	S16 – the /n/ sound spelt <i>kn-</i> at the beginning of words
15	watches	S5 – adding <i>-es</i> to words (plural of nouns)
16	difficult	S1 – the sound /f/ spelt <i>ff</i>
17	pleasure	S44 – words with endings sounding like /ʒə/
18	naughty	S9 – words ending in <i>-y</i> (/ɪ/) S37 – common exception words
19	eighth	S52 – words with the /eɪ/ sound spelt <i>eigh</i>
20	obvious	S46 – the suffix <i>-ous</i>