

Assessment overview

| Content domain | Total |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Number | 10 |
| Algebra | 9 |
| Ratio, proportion and rates of change | 5 |
| Geometry and measures | 3 |
| Probability | 1 |
| Statistics | 2 |

Question breakdown

| Q | Content domain reference |
|----|---|
| 1 | N10 express 1 quantity as a percentage of another |
| 2 | A15 recognise arithmetic sequences and find the nth term |
| 3 | N10 compare 2 quantities using percentages |
| 4 | R4 use ratio notation, including reduction to simplest form |
| 5 | R3 express one quantity as a fraction of another, where the fraction is less than 1 and greater than 1 |
| 6 | R2 use scale factors, scale diagrams and maps |
| 7 | P1 record, describe and analyse the frequency of outcomes of simple probability experiments |
| 8 | R1 change freely between related standard units [for example: time, length, area, volume/capacity, mass] |
| 9 | A4 simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions to maintain equivalence |
| 10 | A9 recognise, sketch and produce graphs of linear and quadratic functions of 1 variable with appropriate scaling, using equations in x and y and the Cartesian plane |
| 11 | A4 simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions to maintain equivalence |
| 12 | N4 use the 4 operations, including formal written methods, applied to integers, decimals, proper and improper fractions, and mixed numbers |
| 13 | N7 use integer powers and associated real roots, recognise powers of 2, 3, 4, 5 and distinguish between exact representations of roots and their decimal approximations |
| 14 | N8 interpret and compare numbers in standard form $A \times 10^n$ $1 \leq A < 10$, where n is a positive integer or 0 |
| 15 | N10 define percentage as 'number of parts per hundred', interpret percentages and percentage changes as a fraction or a decimal |

Question breakdown

| Q | Content domain reference |
|----|---|
| 16 | A4 simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions to maintain equivalence |
| 17 | S1 describe, interpret and compare observed distributions of a single variable through appropriate measures of central tendency and spread |
| 18 | N10 define percentage as 'number of parts per hundred', interpret percentages and percentage changes as a fraction or a decimal |
| 19 | G8 identify properties of, and describe the results of, translations, rotations and reflections applied to given figures |
| 20 | A15 recognise arithmetic sequences and find the nth term |
| 21 | N5 use conventional notation for the priority of operations, including brackets, powers, roots and reciprocals |
| 22 | N4 use the 4 operations, including formal written methods, applied to integers, decimals, proper and improper fractions, and mixed numbers |
| 23 | N7 use integer powers and associated real roots, recognise powers of 2, 3, 4, 5 and distinguish between exact representations of roots and their decimal approximations |
| 24 | A9 recognise, sketch and produce graphs of linear and quadratic functions of 1 variable with appropriate scaling, using equations in x and y and the Cartesian plane |
| 25 | S1 describe, interpret and compare observed distributions of a single variable through appropriate measures of central tendency and spread |
| 26 | A9 recognise, sketch and produce graphs of linear and quadratic functions of 1 variable with appropriate scaling, using equations in x and y and the Cartesian plane |
| 27 | A1 use and interpret algebraic notation |
| 28 | G2 calculate and solve problems involving: perimeters of 2-D shapes (including circles), areas of circles and composite shapes |
| 29 | R5 divide a given quantity into 2 parts in a given part:part or part:whole ratio; express the division of a quantity into 2 parts as a ratio |
| 30 | G1 derive and apply formulae to calculate and solve problems involving perimeter, area and volume |